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~~PART~~ Part 6 — ~~COMPETITION REQUIREMENTS~~ - Competition Requirements

Authority: ~~40 U.S.C. 121(c); 10 U.S.C. chapter 4 and 10 U.S.C. chapter 137 legacy provisions (see 10 U.S.C. 3016); and 51 U.S.C. 20113.~~

Source: ~~50 FR 1729, Jan. 11, 1985; 50 FR 52429, Dec. 23, 1985, unless otherwise noted.~~

6.000 Scope of part.

6.001 Applicability.

6.002 Limitations.

6.003 Advocates for competition.

Subpart 6.1 - Presolicitation

6.101 Full and open competition.

6.102 Full and open competition after excluding sources.

6.102-1 Establishing or maintaining alternative sources.

6.102-2 Set-asides for small business concerns.

6.102-3 Set-asides for local firms during a major disaster or emergency.

6.103 Other than full and open competition.

6.103-1 Only one responsible source and no other supplies or services will satisfy agency requirements.

6.103-2 Unusual and compelling urgency.

6.103-3 Industrial mobilization; engineering, developmental, or research capability; or expert services.

6.103-4 International agreement.

6.103-5 Authorized or required by statute.

6.103-6 National security.

6.103-7 Public interest.

6.104 Justification and approval.

6.104-1 Justification content.

~~<https://www.eefr.gov/current/title-48/chapter-1/subchapter-B/part-6>~~
~~<https://www.acquisition.gov/far-overhaul/far-part-deviation-guide/far-overhaul-part-6>~~ (copied 2025.6.30)

6.104-2 Approval of justification.

Subpart 6.2 - [Reserved]

Subpart 6.3 - Postaward

6.301 Availability of the justification.

6.000 Scope of part.

This part prescribes policies and procedures ~~to promote full and open competition in the acquisition process and to provide for full and open competition, full and open competition after exclusion of sources, other than full and open competition, and advocates for competition. This part does not deal with the results of competition (e.g., adequate price competition), that are addressed in other parts (e.g., part 15).~~

~~[66 FR 2127, Jan. 10, 2001, as amended at 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014]~~

6.001 Applicability.

This part applies to all acquisitions except—

(a) Contracts awarded using the simplified acquisition procedures of part 13 ~~(but see 13.501 for requirements pertaining to sole source acquisitions of commercial products or commercial services under subpart 13.5).~~

(b) Contracts awarded using contracting procedures (other than those addressed in this part) that are expressly authorized by statute;

(c) Contract modifications, ~~that are within the scope of the contract, including the exercise of~~ exercising priced options that were evaluated as part of the original competition (see ~~17.207(f)~~ part 17);

(d) Orders placed under requirements contracts or definite-quantity contracts;

(e) Orders placed under indefinite-quantity contracts that were entered into ~~pursuant~~ according to this part when—

(1) The contract was awarded under ~~subpart 6.1~~ 6.101 or ~~6.2~~ 6.102, and all responsible sources were realistically permitted to compete for the requirements contained in the order; or

(2) The contract was awarded under ~~subpart 6.3~~ 6.103, and the ~~required~~ justification and approval, if required, adequately covers the requirements contained in the order; or

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(f) Orders placed against task order and delivery order contracts entered into ~~pursuant to subpart 16.5~~ according to part 16.

~~[50 FR 52431, Dec. 23, 1985, as amended at 55 FR 52790, Dec. 21, 1990; 60 FR 34747, July 3, 1995; 60 FR 49725, Sept. 26, 1995; 62 FR 263, Jan. 2, 1997; 62 FR 64917, Dec. 9, 1997; 84 FR 19842, May 6, 2019; 86 FR 61020, Nov. 4, 2021]~~

6.002 Limitations.

No agency ~~shall~~ may contract for supplies or services from another agency ~~for the purpose of avoiding to avoid~~ the requirements of this part.

6.003 ~~[Reserved]~~ Advocates for competition.

(a) 41 U.S.C. 1705 requires the head of each executive agency to designate and resource an advocate for competition for the agency and for each procuring activity of the agency.

(b) The advocate promotes full and open competition, promotes the acquisition of commercial products and services, and challenges barriers to acquisition. The advocate reports actions taken to increase competition to the senior procurement executive and chief acquisition officer.

Subpart 6.1 ~~—Full and Open Competition~~ —Presolicitation

6.100 ~~Scope of subpart.~~

~~This subpart prescribes the policy and procedures that are to be used to promote and provide for full and open competition.~~

6.101 ~~Policy~~ Full and open competition.

~~(a) 10 U.S.C. 3201 and 41 U.S.C. 3301 require, with certain limited exceptions (see subparts 6.2 and 6.3), that contracting officers shall promote and provide for full and open competition in soliciting offers and awarding Government contracts.~~

(a) Except as authorized by 6.102 and 6.103, contracting officers must obtain full and open competition by using competitive procedures to solicit offers and award Government contracts (see 10 U.S.C. 3201 and 41 U.S.C. 3301).

(b) Contracting officers ~~shall provide for full and open competition through~~ must use of the competitive procedure(s) ~~contained in this subpart that are,~~ or combination of procedures, best suited to ~~the circumstances of the contract action and consistent with the need to~~ efficiently fulfill the ~~Government's~~ Government's requirements ~~efficiently (10 U.S.C. 3201 and 41 U.S.C.~~

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~~3301)~~ Competitive procedures include sealed bids, competitive proposals, and other procedures explicitly authorized by statute.

~~[50 FR 1729, Jan. 11, 1985, and 50 FR 52429, Dec. 23, 1985, as amended at 62 FR 51230, Sept. 30, 1997; 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 87 FR 73896, Dec. 1, 2022]~~

(1) *Sealed bids*. For sealed bidding procedures, see part 14. Use sealed bids only when the contracting officer has found that all of the following apply:

(i) Time permits staff to solicit, submit, and evaluate sealed bids;

(ii) The award will be made on the basis of price and other price-related factors;

(iii) Discussion with bidders is unnecessary; and

(iv) Contracting officers reasonably expect to receive more than one sealed bid.

(2) *Competitive proposals*. For competitive proposal procedures, see part 15.

(3) *Other competitive procedures*. The following procedures are also considered competitive procedures (see 41 U.S.C. 152):

(i) Selection of sources for architect-engineer contracts according to the provisions of 40 U.S.C. 1102 *et seq.*

(ii) Competitive selection of basic and applied research, as well as that part of development not related to developing a specific system or hardware procurement, if award results from—

(A) Proposals in response to a general solicitation or broad agency announcement; and

(B) A peer review or scientific review of such proposals.

(iii) Use of procedures established by the Administrator of General Services for the multiple award schedule program of the General Services Administration.

6.102 ~~Use of competitive procedures~~ Full and open competition after excluding sources.

The competitive procedures available for use in fulfilling the requirement for full and open competition are as follows:

(a) *Sealed bids.* (See ~~6.401~~6.401(a).)

(b) *Competitive proposals.* (See ~~6.401~~6.401(b).) If sealed bids are not appropriate under ~~paragraph (a)~~paragraph (a) of this section, contracting officers shall request competitive proposals or use the other competitive procedures under ~~paragraph (c) or (d)~~paragraph (c) or (d) of this section.

(c) *Combination of competitive procedures.* If sealed bids are not appropriate, contracting officers may use any combination of competitive procedures (e.g., two-step sealed bidding).

(d) Other competitive procedures.

(1) Selection of sources for architect-engineer contracts in accordance with the provisions of 40 U.S.C. 1102 *et seq.* is a competitive procedure (see ~~subpart 36.6~~subpart 36.6 for procedures).

(2) Competitive selection of basic and applied research and that part of development not related to the development of a specific system or hardware procurement is a competitive procedure if award results from—

(i) A broad agency announcement that is general in nature identifying areas of research interest, including criteria for selecting proposals, and soliciting the participation of all offerors capable of satisfying the ~~Government's~~Government's needs; and

(ii) A peer or scientific review.

(3) Use of multiple award schedules issued under the procedures established by the Administrator of General Services consistent with the requirement of 41 U.S.C. 152(3)(A) for the multiple award schedule program of the General Services Administration is a competitive procedure.

~~[50 FR 1729, Jan. 11, 1985; 50 FR 52429, Dec. 23, 1985, as amended at 53 FR 27463, July 20, 1988; 59 FR 53716, Oct. 25, 1994; 70 FR 57454, Sept. 30, 2005; 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 84 FR 19842, May 6, 2019]~~

~~Subpart 6.2 Full and Open Competition After Exclusion of Sources~~

~~6.200 Scope of subpart.~~

~~This subpart prescribes policies and procedures for providing for full and open competition after excluding one or more sources.~~

6.201 Policy.

~~Acquisitions made under this subpart require use of the competitive procedures prescribed in 6.102.~~

~~[64 FR 51831, Sept. 24, 1999]~~

~~6.202~~6.102-1 Establishing or maintaining alternative sources.

(a) Agencies may exclude a particular source from a contract action in order to establish or maintain an alternative source or sources for the supplies or services being acquired if the agency head determines that to do so would—

- (1) Increase or maintain competition and likely result in reduced overall costs for the acquisition, or for any anticipated acquisition;
- (2) Be in the interest of national defense in having a facility (or a producer, manufacturer, or other supplier) available for furnishing the supplies or services in case of a national emergency or industrial mobilization;
- (3) Be in the interest of national defense in establishing or maintaining an essential engineering, research, or development capability to be provided by an educational or other nonprofit institution or a federally funded research and development center;
- (4) Ensure the continuous availability of a reliable source of supplies or services;
- (5) Satisfy projected needs based on a history of high demand; or
- (6) Satisfy a critical need for medical, safety, or emergency supplies.

(b)

- (1) Every proposed contract action under the authority of ~~paragraph (a)~~paragraph (a) of this section shall be supported by a determination and findings (D&F) (see subpart ~~4.71.5~~) signed by the head of the agency or designee. This D&F shall not be made on a class basis.
- (2) Technical and requirements personnel are responsible for providing all necessary data to support their recommendation to exclude a particular source.
- (3) When the authority in ~~(a)(1)~~paragraph (a)(1) of this section is cited, the findings shall include a description of the estimated reduction in overall costs and how the estimate was derived.

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~~[50 FR 1729, Jan. 11, 1985, as amended at 60 FR 42653, Aug. 16, 1995; 84 FR 19842, May 6, 2019]~~

~~6.203~~ **Set-asides** 6.102-2Set-asides for small business concerns.

~~(a) To fulfill the statutory requirements relating to small business concerns, contracting officers may set aside solicitations to allow only such business concerns to compete. This includes contract actions conducted under the Small Business Innovation Research Program established under Pub. L. 97-219.~~

Contracting officers may set aside acquisitions for small business concerns. This authority also includes—

(a) Contract actions conducted under the Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) and Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) programs.

~~(b) No separate justification or determination and findings is required under this part to~~ Contract actions ~~set aside a contract action for~~ specific small business ~~concerns~~ socioeconomic categories (see part 19).

~~(c) Subpart 19.5 prescribes policies and procedures that shall be followed with respect to set-asides.~~

~~[60 FR 48259, Sept. 18, 1995]~~

~~6.204~~ **Section 8(a) competition.**

~~(a) To fulfill statutory requirements relating to section 8(a) of the Small Business Act, as amended by Public Law 100-656, contracting officers may limit competition to eligible 8(a) participants (see subpart 19.8).~~

~~(b) No separate justification or determination and findings is required under this part to limit competition to eligible 8(a) participants. (But see 6.302-5 and 6.303-1 for sole source 8(a) awards over \$25 million.)~~

~~[82 FR 4724, Jan. 13, 2017, as amended at 85 FR 62487, Oct. 2, 2020]~~

~~6.205~~ **Set-asides for HUBZone small business concerns.**

~~(a) To fulfill the statutory requirements relating to the HUBZone Act of 1997 (15 U.S.C. 631 note), contracting officers may set aside solicitations to allow only HUBZone small business concerns to compete (see 19.1305).~~

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~~(b) No separate justification or determination and findings is required under this part to set aside a contract action for HUBZone small business concerns.~~

~~[63 FR 70267, Dec. 18, 1998, as amended at 87 FR 58235, Sept. 23, 2022]~~

~~**6.206 Set-asides for service-disabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB) concerns eligible under the SDVOSB Program.**~~

~~(a) To fulfill the statutory requirements relating to the Veterans Benefits Act of 2003 (15 U.S.C. 657f), contracting officers may set aside solicitations to allow only service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns eligible under the SDVOSB Program to compete (see 19.1405).~~

~~(b) No separate justification or determination and findings are required under this part to set aside a contract action for service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns eligible under the SDVOSB Program.~~

~~[69 FR 25276, May 5, 2004, as amended at 89 FR 13956, Feb. 23, 2024]~~

~~**6.207 Set-asides for economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concerns or women-owned small business (WOSB) concerns eligible under the WOSB Program.**~~

~~(a) To fulfill the statutory requirements relating to 15 U.S.C. 637(m), contracting officers may set aside solicitations for only EDWOSB concerns or WOSB concerns eligible under the WOSB Program (see 19.1505).~~

~~(b) No separate justification or determination and findings is required under this part to set aside a contract action for EDWOSB concerns or WOSB concerns eligible under the WOSB Program.~~

~~[76 FR 18308, Apr. 1, 2011]~~

~~**6.208**~~**6.102-3** **Set-asides for local firms during a major disaster or emergency.**

~~(a) To fulfill the statutory requirements relating to 42 U.S.C. 5150, contracting officers may set aside solicitations to allow only offerors residing or doing business primarily in the area affected by such major disaster or emergency to compete (see Subpart 26.2).~~

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Contracting officers may set aside acquisitions for small business concerns. This authority also includes—

(a) Contract actions conducted under the Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) and Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) programs.

~~(b) No separate justification or determination and findings is required under this part to set aside a contract action. The set aside area specified by the contracting officer shall be a geographic area within the area identified in a Presidential declaration(s) of major disaster or emergency and any additional geographic areas identified by the Department of Homeland Security.~~
Contract actions set aside for specific small business socioeconomic categories (see part 19).

[72 FR 63086, Nov. 7, 2007. Redesignated at 76 FR 18308, Apr. 1, 2011]

~~Subpart 6.3—Other Than Full and Open Competition~~

~~6.300 Scope of subpart.~~

~~This subpart prescribes policies and procedures, and identifies the statutory authorities, for contracting without providing for full and open competition.~~

~~6.301 Policy~~6.103 Other than full and open competition.

~~(a) 41 U.S.C. 3304 and 10 U.S.C. 3204) each authorize, under certain conditions, contracting without providing for full and open competition. The Department of Defense, Coast Guard, and National Aeronautics and Space Administration are subject to 10 U.S.C. 3204. Other executive agencies are subject to 41 U.S.C. 3304. Contracting without providing for full and open competition or full and open competition after exclusion of sources is a violation of statute, unless permitted by one of the exceptions in 6.302.~~

~~(b) Each~~Agencies may contract ~~awarded~~ without providing for full and open competition ~~shall contain a reference to the specific authority under which it was so awarded. Contracting officers shall use the U.S. Code citation applicable to their agency. (See 6.302.)~~under authorities specified in this section (see 10 U.S.C. 3204 and 41 U.S.C. 3304).

~~(c)~~(b) Contracting without providing for full and open competition ~~shall~~must not be justified on the basis of—

- (1) A lack of ~~advance~~ planning by the requiring activity; or
- (2) Concerns related to the amount of funds available ~~(e.g., funds will expire)~~ to the agency or activity for ~~the acquisition of supplies or services.~~

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(~~d~~c) When not providing for full and open competition, the contracting officer ~~shall~~must solicit offers from as many potential sources as is practicable under the circumstances.

(d) Except for contracts awarded under the authority of 6.103-5 and 6.103-7, an acquisition under this section requires—

(1) Consideration of all bids, proposals, quotations, or capability statements received; and

(2) Justification and approval required by 6.104.

~~(e) For contracts under this subpart, the contracting officer shall use the contracting procedures prescribed in 6.102 (a) or (b), if appropriate, or any other procedures authorized by this regulation.~~

~~[50 FR 1729, Jan. 11, 1985; 50 FR 52429, Dec. 23, 1985, as amended at 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 84 FR 19842, May 6, 2019; 87 FR 73896, Dec. 1, 2022]~~

~~6.302 Circumstances permitting other than full and open competition.~~

~~The following statutory authorities (including applications and limitations) permit contracting without providing for full and open competition. Requirements for justifications to support the use of these authorities are in 6.303.~~

~~[50 FR 52431, Dec. 23, 1985]~~

~~6.302-1~~6.103-1 Only one responsible source and no other supplies or services will satisfy agency requirements.

(a) Authority. 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(1) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(1).

(b) One responsible source. Agencies may contract without providing for full and open competition when the supplies or services required by the agency are available from only one responsible source and no other type of supplies or services will satisfy agency requirements. For DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard, this authority extends to situations where only a limited number of responsible sources can satisfy agency requirements.

~~(a) Authority.~~

~~(1) Citations: 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(1) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(1).~~

~~(2) When the supplies or services required by the agency are available from only one responsible source, or, for DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard, from only one or a limited~~

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~~number of responsible sources, and no other type of supplies or services will satisfy agency requirements, full and open competition need not be provided for.~~

(~~ic~~) Supplies ~~or~~ and services may be ~~considered to be~~ deemed as available from only one source ~~if the source has submitted an unsolicited research proposal that:~~ under this authority under the following circumstances—

(~~A~~) Demonstrates ¹⁾ When an unsolicited research proposal shows a unique and innovative concept (see definition at 2.101), ~~or, the substance of which is not otherwise available to the Federal Government and does not resemble the substance of a pending competitive acquisition. For DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard, this authority extends to situations where a source demonstrates a unique capability of the source to provide the particular research services proposed;~~

~~(B) Offers a concept or services not otherwise available to the Government; and~~

~~(C) Does not resemble the substance of a pending competitive acquisition. (See 10 U.S.C. 3204(b)(A) and 41 U.S.C. 3304(b)(1).)~~

(~~ii~~) ²⁾ ~~Supplies may be deemed to be available only from the original source in the case of a~~ When awarding a follow-on contract for the continued development or production of a major system or highly specialized equipment, ~~including major components thereof, when it is likely that award to any other source and, for DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard, for the continued provision of highly specialized services,~~ would result in—

~~(A) Substantial duplication of cost to the Government that is not expected to be recovered through competition; or~~

~~(B) Unacceptable delays in fulfilling the agency's requirements. (See 10 U.S.C. 3204(b)(B) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(b)(2).)~~

~~(iii) For DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard, services may be deemed to be available only from the original source in the case of follow-on contracts for the continued provision of highly specialized services when it is likely that award to any other source would result in—~~

(~~A~~) i) Substantial duplication of cost to the Government that is not expected to be recovered through competition; or

(~~B~~) ii) Unacceptable delays in fulfilling the agency's requirements. ~~(See 10 U.S.C. 3204(b)(B).)~~

(d) Application for brand-name descriptions. Except as authorized at 6.103-5, use of brand-name descriptions, or specification of attributes peculiar to one

manufacturer, prevents full and open competition and should only be used when justified and approved according to 6.104. This does not apply to “brand name or equal” descriptions as they provide for full and open competition.

~~(b) **Application.** This authority shall be used, if appropriate, in preference to the authority in 6.302-7; it shall not be used when any of the other circumstances is applicable. Use of this authority may be appropriate in situations such as the following (these examples are not intended to be all inclusive and do not constitute authority in and of themselves):~~

~~(1) When there is a reasonable basis to conclude that the agency's minimum needs can only be satisfied by—~~

~~(i) Unique supplies or services available from only one source or only one supplier with unique capabilities; or~~

~~(ii) For DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard, unique supplies or services available from only one or a limited number of sources or from only one or a limited number of suppliers with unique capabilities.~~

~~(2) The existence of limited rights in data, patent rights, copyrights, or secret processes; the control of basic raw material; or similar circumstances, make the supplies and services available from only one source (however, the mere existence of such rights or circumstances does not in and of itself justify the use of these authorities) (see part 27).~~

~~(3) When acquiring utility services (see 41.101), circumstances may dictate that only one supplier can furnish the service (see 41.202); or when the contemplated contract is for construction of a part of a utility system and the utility company itself is the only source available to work on the system.~~

~~(4) When the agency head has determined in accordance with the agency's standardization program that only specified makes and models of technical equipment and parts will satisfy the agency's needs for additional units or replacement items, and only one source is available.~~

~~(c) **Application for brand-name descriptions.**~~

~~(1) An acquisition or portion of an acquisition that uses a brand-name description or other purchase description to specify a particular brand name, product, or feature of a product, peculiar to one manufacturer—~~

~~(i) Does not provide for full and open competition, regardless of the number of sources solicited; and~~

~~(ii) Shall be justified and approved in accordance with 6.303 and 6.304.~~

~~(A) If only a portion of the acquisition is for a brand-name product or item peculiar to one manufacturer, the justification and approval is to cover only the portion of the acquisition which is brand-name or peculiar to one manufacturer. The justification should state it is covering only the portion of the acquisition which is brand-name or peculiar to one manufacturer, and the approval level requirements will then only apply to that portion;~~

~~(B) The justification should indicate that the use of such descriptions in the acquisition or portion of an acquisition is essential to the Government's requirements, thereby precluding consideration of a product manufactured by another company; and~~

~~(C) The justification shall be posted with the solicitation (see 5.102(a)(6)).~~

~~(2) Brand-name or equal descriptions, and other purchase descriptions that permit prospective contractors to offer products other than those specifically referenced by brand-name, provide for full and open competition and do not require justifications and approvals to support their use.~~

~~(d) **Limitations.**~~

~~(1) Contracts awarded using this authority shall be supported by the written justifications and approvals described in 6.303 and 6.304.~~

~~(2) For contracts awarded using this authority, the notices required by 5.201 shall have been published and any bids, proposals, quotations, or capability statements must have been considered.~~

~~[50 FR 52431, Dec. 23, 1985, as amended at 52 FR 21886, June 9, 1987; 53 FR 27463, July 20, 1988; 56 FR 29127, June 25, 1991; 59 FR 67018, Dec. 28, 1994; 66 FR 2128, Jan. 10, 2001; 71 FR 57359, Sept. 28, 2006; 73 FR 10962, Feb. 28, 2008; 77 FR 193, Jan. 3, 2012; 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 84 FR 19842, May 6, 2019; 87 FR 73896, Dec. 1, 2022]~~

~~Editorial Note~~

~~**Editorial Note:** At 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014, § 6.302-1 was amended; however, the amendment could not be incorporated because of the inaccurate amendatory instruction.~~

~~**6.302-2**~~ **6.103-2** Unusual and compelling urgency.

~~(a) Authority. 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(2) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(2).~~

~~(a) **Authority.**~~

~~(1) Citations: 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(2) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(2).~~

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(2b) When Urgency. Agencies may contract without providing for full and open competition when the agency's need for the supplies or services is of such an unusual and compelling urgency that the Government would be seriously injured, financially or otherwise, unless the agency is permitted to limit the number of sources from which it solicits bids or proposals, ~~full and open competition need not be provided for.~~

~~(b) **Application.** This authority applies in those situations where—~~

~~(1) An unusual and compelling urgency precludes full and open competition; and~~

~~(2) Delay in award of a contract would result in serious injury, financial or other, to the Government.~~

~~(c) **Limitations.**~~

~~(1) Contracts awarded using this authority shall be supported by the written justifications and approvals described in 6.303 and 6.304. These justifications may be made and approved after contract award when preparation and approval prior to award would unreasonably delay the acquisition.~~

~~(2) This statutory authority requires that agencies shall request offers from as many potential sources as is practicable under the circumstances.~~

~~(d) **Period of Performance.**~~

(1c) Period of performance. The total period of performance of a contract greater than the simplified acquisition threshold awarded or modified using this authority—

(i1) May not exceed the time necessary—

(Ai) To meet the unusual and compelling requirements of the work to be performed under the contract; and

(Bii) For the agency to enter into another contract for the required goods and services through ~~the use of~~ competitive procedures; and

(ii2) May not exceed one year, including all options, unless the head of the agency determines that exceptional circumstances apply. This determination==

(i) Is separate from the justification and approval for the use of the unusual and compelling urgency authority and must be documented in the contract file.;

~~(2)~~

~~(i) Any subsequent modification using this authority, which will extend the period of performance beyond one year under this same authority, requires a separate determination. This determination is only required if the cumulative period of performance using this authority exceeds one year. This requirement does not apply to the exercise of options previously addressed in the determination required at paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of this section.~~

(ii) ~~The~~Does not cover any subsequent modification that further extends the period of performance, except for options included in the original determination~~shall. Such extensions must~~ be approved at the same level as the ~~level to which the agency head authority in paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of this section is delegated~~original determination.

(d) Documentation after award. The justification and approval for the use of this authority, as well as the determination described in paragraph (c)(2) of this section, may be made after contract award when making the determination before award would unreasonably delay the acquisition.

~~(3) The requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) and (2) of this section shall apply to any contract in an amount greater than the simplified acquisition threshold.~~

~~(4) The determination of exceptional circumstances is in addition to the approval of the justification in 6.304.~~

~~(5) The determination may be made after contract award when making the determination prior to award would unreasonably delay the acquisition.~~

~~[50 FR 52431, Dec. 23, 1985, as amended at 74 FR 52851, Oct. 14, 2009; 74 FR 65615, Dec. 10, 2009; 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 80 FR 38309, July 2, 2015; 84 FR 19842, May 6, 2019; 87 FR 73896, Dec. 1, 2022]~~

~~6.302-3~~6.103-3 Industrial mobilization; engineering, developmental, or research capability; or expert services.

(a) Authority. 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(3) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(3).

~~(a) Authority.~~

~~(1) Citations: 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(3) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(3).~~

~~(2b) Full~~Application. Agencies may contract without providing for full and open competition ~~need not be provided for~~ when it is necessary to award the contract to a particular source or sources in order—

(~~1~~1) To maintain a facility, producer, manufacturer, or other supplier available for furnishing supplies or services in case of a national emergency or to achieve industrial mobilization;

(~~2~~2) To establish or maintain an essential engineering, research, or development capability to be provided by an educational or other nonprofit institution or a federally funded research and development center; or

(~~3~~3) To acquire the services of an expert or neutral person for any current or anticipated litigation or dispute.

~~(b) Application.~~

~~(1) Use of the authority in paragraph (a)(2)(i) of this section may be appropriate when it is necessary to—~~

~~(i) Keep vital facilities or suppliers in business or make them available in the event of a national emergency;~~

~~(ii) Train a selected supplier in the furnishing of critical supplies or services, prevent the loss of a supplier's ability and employees' skills, or maintain active engineering, research, or development work;~~

~~(iii) Maintain properly balanced sources of supply for meeting the requirements of acquisition programs in the interest of industrial mobilization (when the quantity required is substantially larger than the quantity that must be awarded in order to meet the objectives of this authority, that portion not required to meet such objectives will be acquired by providing for full and open competition as appropriate under this part);~~

~~(iv) Create or maintain the required domestic capability for production of critical supplies by limiting competition to items manufactured in—~~

~~(A) The United States or its outlying areas; or~~

~~(B) The United States, its outlying areas, or Canada.~~

~~(v) Continue in production, contractors that are manufacturing critical items, where there would otherwise be a break in production; or~~

~~(vi) Divide current production requirements among two or more contractors to provide for an adequate industrial mobilization base.~~

~~(2) Use of the authority in paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of this section may be appropriate when it is necessary to—~~

~~(i) Establish or maintain an essential capability for theoretical analyses, exploratory studies, or experiments in any field of science or technology;~~

~~(ii) Establish or maintain an essential capability for engineering or developmental work calling for the practical application of investigative findings and theories of a scientific or technical nature; or~~

~~(iii) Contract for supplies or services as are necessary incident to paragraph (b)(2)(i) or (ii) of this section.~~

~~(3) Use of the authority in paragraph (a)(2)(iii) of this section may be appropriate when it is necessary to acquire the services of either—~~

~~(i) An expert to use, in any litigation or dispute (including any reasonably foreseeable litigation or dispute) involving the Government in any trial, hearing, or proceeding before any court, administrative tribunal, or agency, whether or not the expert is expected to testify. Examples of such services include, but are not limited to:~~

~~(A) Assisting the Government in the analysis, presentation, or defense of any claim or request for adjustment to contract terms and conditions, whether asserted by a contractor or the Government, which is in litigation or dispute, or is anticipated to result in dispute or litigation before any court, administrative tribunal, or agency, or~~

~~(B) Participating in any part of an alternative dispute resolution process, including but not limited to evaluators, fact finders, or witnesses, regardless of whether the expert is expected to testify; or~~

~~(ii) A neutral person, e.g., mediators or arbitrators, to facilitate the resolution of issues in an alternative dispute resolution process.~~

~~(c) **Limitations.** Contracts awarded using this authority shall be supported by the written justifications and approvals described in 6.303 and 6.304.~~

~~[50 FR 52431, Dec. 23, 1985, as amended at 60 FR 42654, Aug. 16, 1995; 60 FR 44548, Aug. 28, 1995; 62 FR 235, Jan. 2, 1997; 63 FR 58594, 58602, Oct. 30, 1998; 66 FR 2128, Jan. 10, 2001; 68 FR 28080, May 22, 2003; 77 FR 56741, Sept. 13, 2012; 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 84 FR 19842, May 6, 2019; 87 FR 73896, Dec. 1, 2022]~~

~~6.302-4~~6.103-4 International agreement.

~~(a) Authority. 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(4) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(4).~~

~~(b) International agreement. Agencies may contract without providing for full and open competition when precluded by the—~~

~~(a) Authority.~~

~~(1) Citations: 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(4) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(4).~~

~~(2)~~ Full and open competition need not be provided for when precluded by the terms Terms of an international agreement or a treaty between the United States and a foreign government or international organization; ~~or the~~

(2) The written directions of a foreign government reimbursing the agency for the cost of ~~the acquisition of~~ acquiring the supplies or services for such government.

~~(b) Application. This authority may be used in circumstances such as—~~

~~(1) When a contemplated acquisition is to be reimbursed by a foreign country that requires that the product be obtained from a particular firm as specified in official written direction such as a Letter of Offer and Acceptance; or~~

~~(2) When a contemplated acquisition is for services to be performed, or supplies to be used, in the sovereign territory of another country and the terms of a treaty or agreement specify or limit the sources to be solicited.~~

~~(c) Limitations. Except for~~ Contracts awarded by DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard, ~~contracts awarded~~ using this authority ~~shall be supported by~~ do not require the written justifications and approvals described in ~~6.303 and 6.304~~ 6.104.

[50 FR 52432, Dec. 23, 1985, as amended at 55 FR 52790, Dec. 21, 1990; 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 87 FR 73896, Dec. 1, 2022]

~~6.302-5~~ 6.103-5 Authorized or required by statute.

(a) Authority. 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(5) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(5).

~~(a) Authority.~~

~~(1) Citations: 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(5) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(5).~~

(2b) Full Authorized or required by statute. Agencies may contract without providing for full and open competition ~~need not be provided for~~ when—

~~(i1)~~ A statute expressly authorizes or requires that the acquisition be made through another agency or from a specified source; or

~~(i2)~~ The agency's need is for a ~~brand name~~ brand name commercial product for authorized resale. (e.g., commercial products for resale through commissaries). This authority does not include other uses of brand name descriptions that

<https://www.eefr.gov/current/title-48/chapter-1/subchapter-B/part-6>
<https://www.acquisition.gov/far-overhaul/far-part-deviation-guide/far-overhaul-part-6> (copied 2025.6.30)

generally preclude full and open competition and are required to be addressed in accordance with 6.103-1(d).

(~~b~~c) *Application.* This authority may be used when statutes, ~~such as the following,~~ expressly authorize or require that acquisition be made from a specified source or through another agency. Examples include, but are not limited to:

(1) ~~Federal Prison Industries (UNICOR)—18 U.S.C. 4124 (see subpart 8.6).~~ Sole-source awards of certain socio-economic small business concerns (see 15 U.S.C. chapter 14A); and

~~(2) Qualified nonprofit agencies for the blind or other severely disabled—41 U.S.C. chapter 85, Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled (see subpart 8.7).~~

~~(3) Government Printing and Binding—44 U.S.C. 501-504, 1121 (see subpart 8.8).~~

~~(4) Sole source awards under the 8(a) Program (15 U.S.C. 637), but see 6.303 for requirements for justification and approval of sole source 8(a) awards over \$25 million. (See subpart 19.8.)~~ SBIR or STTR programs for Phase III (see 15 U.S.C. 638(r)(4)) or Phase II, when directly following a competitively awarded initial Phase II award (see 15 U.S.C. 638(ff)).

~~(5) Sole source awards under the HUBZone Act of 1997—15 U.S.C. 657a (see 19.1306).~~

~~(6) Sole source awards under the Veterans Benefits Act of 2003 (15 U.S.C. 657f).~~

~~(7) Sole source awards under the WOSB Program 15 U.S.C. 637(m) (see 19.1506).~~

(~~e~~d) *Limitations.*

(1) ~~This~~ Do not use this authority ~~shall not be used~~ when a provision of law requires an agency to award a new contract to a specified non-Federal Government entity unless the provision of law specifically—

(i) Identifies the entity involved; and

~~(ii) Refers to 10 U.S.C. 3201(e) for armed services acquisitions or 41 U.S.C. 3105 for civilian agency acquisitions; and~~

~~(iii)~~ (ii) States that award to that entity ~~shall~~ must be made ~~in contravention of despite~~ the merit-based selection procedures in ~~10 U.S.C. 3201(e) or 41 U.S.C. 3105, as appropriate. However, this~~ 10 U.S.C. 3201(e) for armed services acquisitions or 41 U.S.C. 3105 for civilian agency acquisitions.

(2) This limitation does not apply—

(~~Ai~~) When the work provided for in the contract ~~is a continuation of~~continues the work performed by the specified entity under a preceding contract; or

(~~Bii~~) To any contract requiring the National Academy of Sciences to investigate, examine, or experiment upon any subject of science or art of significance to an executive agency and to report on those matters to the Congress or any agency of the Federal Government.

(e) With the exception of sole-source 8(a) contracts over \$25 million (section 811 of Public Law 111-84, 41 U.S.C. 3304 note), contracts awarded using this authority do not require written justifications and approvals described in 6.104.

~~(2) Contracts awarded using this authority shall be supported by the written justifications and approvals described in 6.303 and 6.304, except for—~~

~~(i) Contracts awarded under paragraph (a)(2)(ii) or (b)(2) of this section;~~

~~(ii) Contracts awarded under paragraph (a)(2)(i) of this section when the statute expressly requires that the procurement be made from a specified source. (Justification and approval requirements apply when the statute authorizes, but does not require, that the procurement be made from a specified source); or~~

~~(iii) Contracts less than or equal to \$25 million awarded under paragraph (b)(4) of this section.~~

~~(3) The authority in paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of this section may be used only for purchases of brand name commercial products for resale through commissaries or other similar facilities. Ordinarily, these purchases will involve articles desired or preferred by customers of the selling activities (but see 6.301(d)).~~

~~[50 FR 52432, Dec. 23, 1985, as amended at 51 FR 36971, Oct. 16, 1986; 54 FR 46005, Oct. 31, 1989; 60 FR 42654, Aug. 16, 1995; 61 FR 39200, July 26, 1996; 63 FR 70267, Dec. 18, 1998; 67 FR 13068, Mar. 20, 2002; 69 FR 25276, May 5, 2004; 71 FR 44547, Aug. 4, 2006; 76 FR 14561, Mar. 16, 2011; 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 80 FR 38296, July 2, 2015; 80 FR 81890, Dec. 31, 2015; 84 FR 19842, May 6, 2019; 85 FR 62487, Oct. 2, 2020; 86 FR 61020, Nov. 4, 2021; 87 FR 73896, Dec. 1, 2022]~~

~~6.302-6~~6.103-6 National security.

(a) Authority. 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(6) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(6).

~~(a) Authority.~~

~~(1) Citations: 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(6) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(6).~~

~~<https://www.eefr.gov/current/title-48/chapter-1/subchapter-B/part-6>~~
~~<https://www.acquisition.gov/far-overhaul/far-part-deviation-guide/far-overhaul-part-6>~~ (copied 2025.6.30)

(2b) National security. Full and open competition need not be provided for when ~~the~~ disclosure of disclosing the agency's needs would compromise ~~the~~ national security unless the agency ~~is permitted to~~ can limit the number of sources from which it solicits bids or proposals.

~~(b) **Application**. This authority may be used for any acquisition when disclosure of the Government's needs would compromise the national security (e.g., would violate security requirements); it shall not be used merely because the acquisition is classified, or merely because access to classified matter will be necessary to submit a proposal or to perform the contract.~~

~~(c) **Limitations**.~~

~~(1) Contracts awarded using this authority shall be supported by the written justifications and approvals described in 6.303 and 6.304.~~

~~(2) See 5.202(a)(1) for synopsis requirements.~~

~~(3) This statutory authority requires that agencies shall request offers from as many potential sources as is practicable under the circumstances.~~

~~[50 FR 52432, Dec. 23, 1985, as amended at 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 87 FR 73896, Dec. 1, 2022]~~

~~6.302-7~~ 6.103-7 Public interest.

(a) Authority. 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(7) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(7).

~~(a) **Authority**.~~

~~(1) Citations: 10 U.S.C. 3204(a)(7) or 41 U.S.C. 3304(a)(7).~~

(2b) Public interest. Full and open competition need not be provided for when the agency head determines ~~that~~ it is not in the public interest ~~in the~~ for that particular acquisition ~~concerned~~.

~~(b) **Application**. This authority may be used when none of the other authorities in 6.302 apply.~~

(c) Limitations.

(1) A written determination to use this authority ~~shall~~ must be made in accordance with subpart ~~1.71.5~~, by

~~(i) the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, the Secretary of Homeland Security for the Coast Guard, or the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration; or~~

~~<https://www.eefr.gov/current/title-48/chapter-1/subchapter-B/part-6>~~
<https://www.acquisition.gov/far-overhaul/far-part-deviation-guide/far-overhaul-part-6> (copied 2025.6.30)

~~(ii) the head of any other~~the executive agency. ~~This~~The authority may not be delegated and the determination must not be made on a class basis.

(2) ~~The~~Agencies must notify Congress ~~shall be notified,~~ in writing, of such determination not ~~less~~fewer than 30 days before ~~award of~~awarding the contract.

~~(3) If required by the head of the agency, the contracting officer shall prepare a justification to support the determination under paragraph (c)(1) above.~~

~~(4) This Determination and Finding (D & F) shall not be made on a class basis.~~

~~[50 FR 52432, Dec. 23, 1985, as amended at 68 FR 69258, Dec. 11, 2003; 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 87 FR 73896, Dec. 1, 2022]~~

6.303 Justifications:

6.303-1 Requirements.

~~(a) A contracting officer shall not commence negotiations for a sole source contract, commence negotiations for a contract resulting from an unsolicited proposal, or award any other contract without providing for full and open competition unless the contracting officer—~~

~~(1) Justifies, if required in 6.302, the use of such actions in writing;~~

~~(2) Certifies the accuracy and completeness of the justification; and~~

~~(3) Obtains the~~6.104 Justification and ~~approval required by 6.304.~~

~~(b) The contracting officer shall not award a sole source contract under the 8(a) authority (15 U.S.C. 637(a)) for an amount exceeding \$25 million unless—~~

~~(1) The contracting officer justifies the use of a sole source contract in writing in accordance with 6.303-2;~~

~~(2) The justification is approved by the appropriate official designated at 6.304; and~~

~~(3)~~a ~~The~~A justification and ~~related information are made public after award in accordance with 6.305~~approval must support procedures under 6.103, except 6.103-5 and 6.103-7.

~~(e)~~b Contracting officers require the support of the broader acquisition team when making decisions regarding competition. Technical and requirements personnel are responsible for providing, and certifying as accurate and complete, necessary data to support their recommendation for other than full and open competition.

~~<https://www.eefr.gov/current/title-48/chapter-1/subchapter-B/part-6>~~
~~<https://www.acquisition.gov/far-overhaul/far-part-deviation-guide/far-overhaul-part-6>~~ (copied 2025.6.30)

~~(d)~~ Justifications ~~required by paragraph (a) of this section~~under 6.103, except for 6.103-7, may be made on an individual or class basis. ~~Any justification for contracts awarded under the authority of 6.302-7 shall~~Justifications under 6.103-7 may only be made on an individual basis. ~~Whenever a justification is made and approved on a class basis, the contracting officer must ensure that each contract action taken pursuant to the authority of the class justification and approval is within the scope of the class justification and approval and shall document the contract file for each contract action accordingly.~~

~~(e) The justifications for contracts awarded under the authority cited in 6.302-2 may be prepared and approved within a reasonable time after contract award when preparation and approval prior to award would unreasonably delay the acquisitions.~~

~~[50 FR 1729, Jan. 11, 1985, as amended at 50 FR 52433, Dec. 23, 1985; 55 FR 25526, June 21, 1990; 64 FR 72418, Dec. 27, 1999; 69 FR 77872, Dec. 28, 2004; 76 FR 14561, Mar. 16, 2011; 80 FR 38296, July 2, 2015; 84 FR 19843, May 6, 2019; 85 FR 62487, Oct. 2, 2020]~~

~~6.303-2 Content~~6.104-1 Justification content.

~~(a) Each justification shall contain sufficient facts and rationale to justify the use of the specific authority cited.~~

~~(b)~~ As At a minimum, each justification, ~~except those for sole source 8(a) contracts over \$25 million (see paragraph (d) of this section), shall~~ must include the following information:

- (1) Identification of the agency and the contracting activity, and specific identification of the document as a “Justification for other than full and open competition.”
- (2) Nature and/or description of the action being approved.
- (3) A description of the supplies or services required to meet the agency's needs (including the estimated value).
- (4) An identification of the statutory authority permitting other than full and open competition.
- (5) A demonstration that the proposed contractor's unique qualifications or the nature of the acquisition requires ~~use of~~using the authority cited.
- (6) A description of efforts made to ensure that offers are solicited from as many potential sources as ~~is practicable~~possible, including whether a notice was or will be publicized as required by ~~subpart 5.2~~part 5 and, if not, which exception under ~~5.202~~part 5 applies.

(7) A determination by the contracting officer that the anticipated cost to the Government will be fair and reasonable.

(8) ~~A description of the~~The market research conducted (see part 10) and the results or a statement of the reason market research was not conducted.

(9) Any other facts supporting ~~the use of~~using other than full and open competition, such as:

~~(i) Explanation of why technical data packages, specifications, engineering descriptions, statements of work, or purchase descriptions suitable for full and open competition have not been developed or are not available.~~

~~(ii)~~ When ~~6.302-16.103-1~~ is cited for follow-on acquisitions as described in ~~6.302-16.103-1~~~~(a)(2)~~(ii), an estimate of the cost to the Government that would be duplicated and how the estimate was derived.

~~(iii)~~ When ~~6.302-26.103-2~~ is cited, data, estimated cost, or other rationale as to ~~the extent and nature of the harm to~~whether and how much the Government would be harmed.

(10) A listing of the sources, if any, that expressed ~~, in writing,~~ an interest in the acquisition in writing.

(11) A statement of the actions, if any, the agency may take to remove or overcome any barriers to competition before any subsequent acquisition for the supplies or services required.

(12) Contracting officer certification that the justification is accurate and complete to the best of the contracting officer's knowledge and belief.

~~(c) Each justification shall include evidence that any supporting data that is the responsibility of technical or requirements personnel (e.g., verifying the Government's minimum needs or schedule requirements or other rationale for other than full and open competition) and which form a basis for the justification have been certified as complete and accurate by the technical or requirements personnel.~~

~~(db) As a minimum, each justification for a~~For sole-source 8(a) ~~contract~~contracts over \$25 million ~~shall, the justification must~~ include ~~the following information:~~

, at a minimum, the contents described at paragraphs (a)(3), (a)~~(1) A description of the needs of the agency concerned for the matters covered by the contract.~~

~~(2) A specification of the statutory provision providing the exception from the requirement to use competitive procedures in entering into the contract (see 19.805-1).~~

~~<https://www.eefr.gov/current/title-48/chapter-1/subchapter-B/part-6>~~
~~<https://www.acquisition.gov/far-overhaul/far-part-deviation-guide/far-overhaul-part-6>~~ (copied 2025.6.30)

~~(34) A~~, and (a)(7) of this section. It should also include a determination that ~~the use of~~ ~~fusing~~ a sole-source contract is in the best interest of the agency concerned and any other matters specified by agency procedures.

~~(4) A determination that the anticipated cost of the contract will be fair and reasonable.~~

~~(5) Such other matters as the head of the agency concerned shall specify for purposes of this section.~~

~~[50 FR 1729, Jan. 11, 1985, as amended at 50 FR 52433, Dec. 23, 1985; 60 FR 48236, Sept. 18, 1995; 66 FR 27412, May 16, 2001; 76 FR 14562, Mar. 16, 2011; 80 FR 38296, July 2, 2015; 84 FR 19843, May 6, 2019; 85 FR 62487, Oct. 2, 2020]~~

~~6.304~~6.104-2 Approval of ~~the~~ justification.

(a) The justification for other than full and open competition must be approved in writing. Officials at a higher authority level may approve lower dollar justifications. For example, the senior procurement executive as well as the head of the procuring activity may approve a \$60 million justification. Approval levels are as follows:

Table 6-1. Approval authorities for other than full and open competition.

<u>Value (including options)</u>	<u>Approval authority</u>
	<u>Contracting officer.</u>
<u>\$750,000 or below</u>	<u>Accomplished by certification required at 6.104(a)(12).</u>
	<u>Advocate for competition.</u>
<u>>\$750,000 - \$15,000,000</u>	<u>Not delegable.</u>
<u>>\$15,000,000 - \$75,000,000</u>	<u>Head of the procuring activity.</u>
<u>(>15,000,000 - \$100,000,000 for DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard)</u>	<u>May be delegated to a member of the armed services at the general or flag officer level or a civilian in a grade above the GS-15 (or equivalent) level.</u>

<u>Value (including options)</u>	<u>Approval authority</u>
<u>>\$75,000,000</u>	<u>Senior procurement executive.</u>
<u>(>\$100,000,000 for DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard)</u>	<u>Not delegable, except in the case of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, acting as the senior procurement executive for the Department of Defense.</u>

~~(a) Except for paragraph (b) of this section, the justification for other than full and open competition shall be approved in writing—~~

~~(1) For a proposed contract not exceeding \$750,000, the contracting officer's certification required by 6.303-2(b)(12) will serve as approval unless a higher approving level is established in agency procedures.~~

~~(2) For a proposed contract over \$750,000 but not exceeding \$15 million, by the advocate for competition for the procuring activity designated pursuant to 6.501 or an official described in paragraph (a)(3) or (4) of this section. This authority is not delegable.~~

~~(3) For a proposed contract over \$15 million, but not exceeding \$75 million, or, for DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard, not exceeding \$100 million, by the head of the procuring activity, or a designee who—~~

~~(i) If a member of the armed forces, is a general or flag officer; or~~

~~(ii) If a civilian, is serving in a position in a grade above GS-15 under the General Schedule (or in a comparable or higher position under another schedule).~~

~~(4) For a proposed contract over \$75 million or, for DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard, over \$100 million, by the senior procurement executive of the agency designated pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 1702(c) in accordance with agency procedures. This authority is not delegable except in the case of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, acting as the senior procurement executive for the Department of Defense.~~

~~(b) Any justification for a contract awarded under the authority of 6.302-7, regardless of dollar amount, shall be considered approved when the determination required by 6.302-7(c)(1) is made.~~

~~<https://www.eefr.gov/current/title-48/chapter-1/subchapter-B/part-6>~~
~~<https://www.acquisition.gov/far-overhaul/far-part-deviation-guide/far-overhaul-part-6>~~ (copied 2025.6.30)

(~~e~~b) A class justification for other than full and open competition ~~shall~~must be approved in writing in accordance with agency procedures. The ~~approval level shall be determined by the~~ estimated total value of the class will determine the approval level.

(~~d~~c) ~~The~~A justification must include the estimated dollar value of all options ~~shall be included in determining to determine~~ the approval level ~~of a justification~~.

~~[50 FR 1729, Jan. 11, 1985, as amended at 50 FR 52433, Dec. 23, 1985; 54 FR 13023, Mar. 29, 1989; 55 FR 3881, Feb. 5, 1990; 55 FR 52790, Dec. 21, 1990; 60 FR 42654, 42665, Aug. 16, 1995; 61 FR 31618, June 20, 1996; 65 FR 24325, Apr. 25, 2000; 70 FR 11739, Mar. 9, 2005; 71 FR 57366, Sept. 28, 2006; 75 FR 53132, Aug. 30, 2010; 76 FR 14562, Mar. 16, 2011; 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 80 FR 38296, July 2, 2015; 84 FR 19843, May 6, 2019; 85 FR 62487, Oct. 2, 2020]~~

Subpart 6.2- [Reserved]

Subpart 6.3- Postaward

~~6.305~~6.301 Availability of the justification.

(a) The agency ~~shall~~must make publicly available the justification required by ~~6.303-16.104~~ as required by ~~10 U.S.C. 3204(f) and 41 U.S.C. 3304(f). Except for the circumstances in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, the~~ 10 U.S.C. 3204(f) and 41 U.S.C. 3304(f).

(~~b~~b) The justification ~~shall~~must be made publicly available within 14 days after contract award, ~~except—~~

~~(b) In the case of a contract award permitted under 6.302-2, the justification shall~~(1) Justifications under 6.103-2 must be posted within 30 days after contract award; ~~and~~

~~(e2) In the case of a brand name justification~~Justifications for brand-name descriptions under ~~6.302-16.103-1~~(ed), the justification ~~shall~~ must be posted with the solicitation (see ~~5.102(a)(6)~~part 5).

(~~d~~c) The justifications ~~shall~~must be made publicly available—

(1) At the Government Point of Entry (GPE) ~~https://www.sam.gov~~;

(2) On the website of the agency, which may provide access to the justifications by linking to the GPE; and

(3) ~~Must remain posted for~~For a minimum of 30 days.

(~~e~~d) Contracting officers ~~shall~~must carefully screen all justifications for contractor proprietary data and remove all such data, and such references and citations as are necessary to

protect the proprietary data, before making the justifications available for public inspection. Contracting officers ~~shall~~must also be guided by the exemptions to disclosure of information contained in the Freedom of Information Act (~~5 U.S.C. 552~~5 U.S.C. 552) and the prohibitions against disclosure in ~~24.202~~part 24 in determining whether the justification, or portions of it, are exempt from posting. ~~Although the submitter notice process set out in EO 12600, entitled “Predisclosure Notification Procedures for Confidential Commercial Information,” does not apply, if the justification appears to contain proprietary data, the contracting officer should provide the contractor that submitted the information an opportunity to review the justification for proprietary data, before making the justification available for public inspection, redacted as necessary. This process must not prevent or delay the posting of the justification in accordance with the timeframes required in paragraphs (a) through (c).~~

(~~f~~e) The requirements of paragraphs (a) through (~~d~~c) do not apply if posting the justification ~~would disclose the executive agency's needs and disclosure of such needs~~ would compromise national security or create other security risks.

[~~75 FR 34276, June 16, 2010, as amended at 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 83 FR 42572, Aug. 22, 2018; 86 FR 71325, Dec. 15, 2021; 87 FR 73896, Dec. 1, 2022~~]

~~Subpart 6.4—Sealed Bidding and Competitive Proposals~~

~~6.401 Sealed bidding and competitive proposals.~~

~~Sealed bidding and competitive proposals, as described in parts 14 and 15, are both acceptable procedures for use under subparts 6.1, 6.2; and, when appropriate, under subpart 6.3.~~

~~(a) **Sealed bids.** (See part 14 for procedures.) Contracting officers shall solicit sealed bids if—~~

- ~~(1) Time permits the solicitation, submission, and evaluation of sealed bids;~~
- ~~(2) The award will be made on the basis of price and other price-related factors;~~
- ~~(3) It is not necessary to conduct discussions with the responding offerors about their bids; and~~
- ~~(4) There is reasonable expectation of receiving more than one sealed bid.~~

~~(b) **Competitive proposals.** (See part 15 for procedures.)~~

- ~~(1) Contracting officers may request competitive proposals if sealed bids are not appropriate under paragraph (a) of this section.~~
- ~~(2) Because of differences in areas such as law, regulations, and business practices, it is generally necessary to conduct discussions with offerors relative to proposed contracts to be~~

~~<https://www.eefr.gov/current/title-48/chapter-1/subchapter-B/part-6>~~
~~<https://www.acquisition.gov/far-overhaul/far-part-deviation-guide/far-overhaul-part-6>~~ (copied 2025.6.30)

~~made and performed outside the United States and its outlying areas. Competitive proposals will therefore be used for these contracts unless discussions are not required and the use of sealed bids is otherwise appropriate.~~

~~[50 FR 1729, Jan. 11, 1985; 50 FR 4221, Jan. 30, 1985; 50 FR 52429, Dec. 23, 1985; 54 FR 5054, Jan. 31, 1989; 64 FR 51833, Sept. 24, 1999; 68 FR 28080, May 22, 2003; 84 FR 19843, May 6, 2019]~~

~~Subpart 6.5—Advocates for Competition~~

~~6.501 Requirement.~~

~~As required by 41 U.S.C. 1705, the head of each executive agency shall designate an advocate for competition for the agency and for each procuring activity of the agency. The advocates for competition shall—~~

- ~~(a) Be in positions other than that of the agency senior procurement executive;~~
- ~~(b) Not be assigned any duties or responsibilities that are inconsistent with 6.502; and~~
- ~~(c) Be provided with staff or assistance (e.g., specialists in engineering, technical operations, contract administration, financial management, supply management, and utilization of small business concerns), as may be necessary to carry out the advocate's duties and responsibilities.~~

~~[50 FR 1729, Jan. 11, 1985, and 50 FR 52429, Dec. 23, 1985, as amended at 60 FR 48259, Sept. 18, 1995; 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 84 FR 19843, May 6, 2019]~~

~~6.502 Duties and responsibilities.~~

- ~~(a) Agency and procuring activity advocates for competition are responsible for—~~
 - ~~(1) Promoting the acquisition of commercial products and commercial services;~~
 - ~~(2) Promoting full and open competition;~~
 - ~~(3) Challenging requirements that are not stated in terms of functions to be performed, performance required, or essential physical characteristics;~~
 - ~~(4) Challenging barriers to the acquisition of commercial products and commercial services;~~
- ~~and~~

~~(5) Challenging barriers to full and open competition such as unnecessarily restrictive statements of work, unnecessarily detailed specifications, and unnecessarily burdensome contract clauses.~~

~~(b) Agency advocates for competition shall—~~

~~(1) Review the contracting operations of the agency and identify and report to the agency senior procurement executive and the chief acquisition officer—~~

~~(i) Opportunities and actions taken to acquire commercial products and commercial services to meet the needs of the agency;~~

~~(ii) Opportunities and actions taken to achieve full and open competition in the contracting operations of the agency;~~

~~(iii) Actions taken to challenge requirements that are not stated in terms of functions to be performed, performance required or essential physical characteristics;~~

~~(iv) Any condition or action that has the effect of unnecessarily restricting the acquisition of commercial products or commercial services or unnecessarily restricting competition in the contract actions of the agency;~~

~~(2) Prepare and submit an annual report to the agency senior procurement executive and the chief acquisition officer in accordance with agency procedures, describing—~~

~~(i) Such advocate's activities under this subpart;~~

~~(ii) New initiatives required to increase the acquisition of commercial products and commercial services;~~

~~(iii) New initiatives required to increase competition;~~

~~(iv) New initiatives to ensure requirements are stated in terms of functions to be performed, performance required or essential physical characteristics;~~

~~(v) Any barriers to the acquisition of commercial products, commercial services, or competition that remain;~~

~~(vi) Other ways in which the agency has emphasized the acquisition of commercial products, commercial services, and competition in areas such as acquisition training and research; and~~

~~(vii) Initiatives that ensure task and delivery orders over \$1,000,000 issued under multiple award contracts are properly planned, issued, and comply with 8.405 and 16.505.~~

~~<https://www.eefr.gov/current/title-48/chapter-1/subchapter-B/part-6>~~
~~<https://www.acquisition.gov/far-overhaul/far-part-deviation-guide/far-overhaul-part-6>~~ (copied 2025.6.30)

~~(3) Recommend goals and plans for increasing competition on a fiscal year basis to the agency senior procurement executive and the chief acquisition officer; and~~

~~(4) Recommend to the agency senior procurement executive and the chief acquisition officer a system of personal and organizational accountability for competition, which may include the use of recognition and awards to motivate program managers, contracting officers, and others in authority to promote competition in acquisition.~~

~~[60 FR 48236, Sept. 18, 1995, as amended at 67 FR 13053, Mar. 20, 2002; 73 FR 53997, Sept. 17, 2008; 79 FR 24198, Apr. 29, 2014; 86 FR 61020, Nov. 4, 2021]~~

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Changes:	
<u>Add</u>	296
Delete	912
Move From	0
<u>Move To</u>	0
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Table Delete	0
<u>Table moves to</u>	0
Table moves from	0
Embedded Graphics (Visio, ChemDraw, Images etc.)	0
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Format changes	0
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